

# Package: Jaya (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Jaya, a Gradient-Free Optimization Algorithm

**Version** 0.1.9

**Maintainer** Neeraj Bokde <neerajdhanraj@gmail.com>

**Description** Maximization or Minimization of a fitness function using Jaya Algorithm (JA). A population based method which repeatedly modifies a population of individual solutions. Capable of solving both constrained and unconstrained optimization problems. It does not contain any hyperparameters. For further details: R.V. Rao (2016) <[doi:10.5267/j.ijiec.2015.8.004](https://doi.org/10.5267/j.ijiec.2015.8.004)> .

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, evaluate, testthat

**Imports** GA

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 6.1.1

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** Mayur Shende [aut], Neeraj Bokde [aut, cre]  
(<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3493-9302>>)

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**Repository** <https://neerajdhanraj.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/neerajdhanraj/jaya>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** f15a0fe96ec9aec27d5f44f4ffcb5164ec52d93f

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jaya	<i>Jaya Algorithm, a gradient-free optimization algorithm. Maximization of a function using Jaya Algorithm (JA). A population based method which repeatedly modifies a population of individual solutions. Capable of solving both constrained and unconstrained optimization problems. Does not contain any hyperparameters.</i>
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### Description

Jaya Algorithm, a gradient-free optimization algorithm. Maximization of a function using Jaya Algorithm (JA). A population based method which repeatedly modifies a population of individual solutions. Capable of solving both constrained and unconstrained optimization problems. Does not contain any hyperparameters.

### Usage

```
jaya(fun, lower, upper, popSize = 50, maxiter, n_var, seed = NULL,
      suggestions = data.frame(), opt = "minimize")
```

### Arguments

fun	as a function to be optimized
lower	as a vector of lower bounds for the variables in the function
upper	as a vector of upper bounds for the variables in the function
popSize	as population size
maxiter	as number of iterations to run for finding optimum solution
n_var	as number of variables used in the function to optimize
seed	as an integer vector containing the random number generator state
suggestions	as a data frame of solutions string to be included in the initial population
opt	as a string either "maximize" or "minimize" the function

### Examples

```
# Test Function to minimize
square <- function(x){return((x[1]^2)+(x[2]^2))}
jaya(fun = square, lower = c(-100,-100), upper = c(100,100), maxiter = 10, n_var = 2)
```

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```
plot.jaya          #' Function to plot the 'best value' VS 'no. of iterations'
```

---

**Description**

```
  #' Function to plot the 'best value' VS 'no. of iterations'
```

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'jaya'  
plot(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

```
x              as an output object from 'jaya' function  
...           as Additional graphical parameters given to plot function
```

**Value**

```
Returns plot showing 'best value' VS 'no. of iterations'
```

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```
summary.jaya      Function to summarize the Jaya function
```

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**Description**

```
Function to summarize the Jaya function
```

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'jaya'  
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

```
object         as an output object from 'jaya' function  
...           Additional parameters given to the function
```

**Value**

```
returns the summary of output object from 'jaya' function
```

**Examples**

```
# Test Function to minimize  
square <- function(x){return((x[1]^2)+(x[2]^2))}  
a <- jaya(fun = square, lower = c(-100,-100), upper = c(100,100), maxiter = 10, n_var = 2)  
summary(a)
```

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